

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/552,506	06/28/2006	Peter Frisk	034185-073	2514
	7590 04/04/200 INGERSOLL & ROOI	EXAMINER		
POST OFFICE BOX 1404			MAZUMDAR, SONYA	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1734	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/04/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No. ·	Applicant(s)				
	10/552,506	FRISK, PETER				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Sonya Mazumdar	1734				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC .136(a). In no event, however, may a red d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	CATION. poly be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		·				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 October 2005 and 08 June 2006.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
•—	, _					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.	Di⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 October 2005 is/ar	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ o	bjected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	ın priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 	nts have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	ority documents have been	received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not	received.				
•	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	s)/Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Ir	nformal Patent Application				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/5/2005.

6) Other: _

Art Unit: 1734

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3 recites the limitation "the thermoplastic intermediate layer" in line 3.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Application/Control Number: 10/552,506

Art Unit: 1734

4. Claims 1 through 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueda (JP 02-180105) in view of Balla (US 4,264,668), Peiffer et al. (US 5,478,643), Sakai et al. (US 4,501,808), and Rosenberger et al. (WO 02/021220)

Ueda teaches a method of rolling out a web (W) and laminating an aluminum foil (F) thereto for high frequency induction heating by a heater (18) at a position on the web where it is to be heat sealed (abstract).

Ueda does not specifically teach laminating a heat-sealable inner layer on the inside of a web. Balla teaches applying a thin sealing layer (3) of thermoplastic material over a powdered conductive layer (2) on a support (1) (column 3, lines 4-13; Figure 1).

It would have been obvious for Ueda to provide a sealing layer as Balla taught, so that the conductive layer could be heated and transmits by convection the heat generated in the conductive layer to the sealing layer.

Ueda in view of Balla do not specifically teach transferring a conductive layer, comprising silver, on a substrate to a web. Peiffer et al. teaches transferring a metal layer that has been vapor deposited on a film to a substrate (column 1, lines 28-43). Sakai et al. teach transfer of a conductive coating layer comprising silver particles formed on a substrate by vapor deposition (column 4, lines 21-24; column 27, lines 61-68).

It would have been obvious to do so since aluminum foil can make the cost of producing the laminated packing material expensive (Balla - column 1, lines 45-47).

Ueda does not teach printing a design of a container on the outside of a support layer and then forming more thermoplastic layers on the outside and inside of a printed web. Rosenberger et al. teach printing a design (12) on the outside of a film composite

Art Unit: 1734

(11) and laminating thermoplastic layers (13, 14) over the printed layer (paragraphs 0054 and 0121 of English translation document US 2003/0186032; Figure 2).

It would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art to teach a method as Rosenberger et al. taught, and one would have been motivated to do so to provide printed identification for a container and a protective layer on top of the print.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sonya Mazumdar whose telephone number is (571) 272-6019. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Fiorilla can be reached on (571) 272-1187. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 10/552,506

Art Unit: 1734

Songa Mazimbar SM Page 5